

10TH INTERNATIONAL SYMPOSIUM OF  
**PSYCHOLINGUISTICS**

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SPEAKERS

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fo his claim to  
d was based on his reputation,  
hes apocryphal, for producing speech  
partures froand probably his most famous  
toria. Everyone seems to produce such slips  
d was aware of this fact and in 1901 based his  
of everyday life, on such errors claiming that slips  
essed thoughts which are revealed by the particular  
ile it is possible that Freud is correct in some cases,  
much more about the structure of language as they do  
ave collected and analyzed slips of the tongue at least  
n the Arab linguist on the belief that they might provide  
ince that time, many linguists have been collecting and  
duced speech errors. While slips of the tongue have not  
ding of how and why languages change, they do tell us a  
ow about our language and how we use this knowledge to  
y to us. We can look at some speech errors and see what  
dge. Slips of the Tongue and the Sounds of Language. It  
we produce when we speak and those we hear when we  
at is, when we say the word. This is also true of entire  
ence and note that you will not even pause between  
, the scholars and philosophers interested in the  
anguage and speech are composed  
ng. Although the sound  
be continuous on  
nsidered to be  
s as true of  
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earned a place in  
history when a new word based  
ably would have preferred a different  
fame since the word was based on his re  
apocryphal, for producing speech errors (un  
curse of the drinking classes" and probably his  
such slips of the tongue. This fact and based his  
everyday life, on such errors claiming that slips of  
thoughts which are revealed by the particular errors  
some cases, such errors reveal as much if not much r  
they do about repressed thoughts. Linguists have colle  
at least as far back as the interest in such errors was b  
vide clues as to how language changes. Since that time  
and analyzing these spontaneously produced speech err  
contributed much to our understanding of how and why  
deal about what we seem to know about our language an  
and to understand what others say to us. We can look at  
reveal about our linguistic knowledge. Slips of the Tongu  
first be noted that the sounds we produce when we spea  
speech are continuous. That is, when we say the word  
ous sound. This is also true of entire sentences. Try r  
will not even pause between each word. Yet, for th  
losophers interested in the nature of language  
are composed of discrete u  
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